



FREMONT

GOLD LTD

Fremont Gold Ltd.

An Exploration Stage Company

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

MANAGEMENT’S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company were prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and within the framework of the significant accounting policies in the notes to these financial statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements and Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”).

A system of accounting and control is maintained in order to provide reasonable assurance that the assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly recorded and executed in accordance with management’s authorization. The system includes established policies and procedures, the selection and training of qualified persons, and the appropriate delegation of authority and segregation of responsibilities for a corporation of the size of Fremont Gold Ltd.

The Board of Directors, based on recommendations from its Audit Committee, reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements and MD&A. The Audit Committee meets with management and the Company’s independent auditors to ensure that management is fulfilling its responsibility to maintain financial controls and systems and to make recommendations to the Board of Directors for approval of all financial information released to the public. The Audit Committee also meets with the independent auditors to discuss the scope and the results of the audit and the audit report prior to submitting the consolidated financial statements to the Board of Directors for approval.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019 has been audited on behalf of the shareholders by the Company’s independent auditors, DeVisser Gray LLP, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. The auditor’s report outlines the scope of their audit and their opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

“Blaine Monaghan”

Blaine Monaghan
Chief Executive Officer

“Paul Hansed”

Paul Hansed
Chief Financial Officer

July 25, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Fremont Gold Ltd.

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fremont Gold Ltd., which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at March 31, 2019 and 2018 and the consolidated statements of loss, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Fremont Gold Ltd. as at March 31, 2019 and 2018 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of Fremont Gold Ltd. in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company has no source of revenue and is considered to be in the exploration stage. As stated in Note 1, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain additional funding from loans or equity financings. These matters, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis" but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Fremont Gold Ltd.'s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Fremont Gold Ltd. or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Fremont Gold Ltd.'s financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fremont Gold Ltd.'s internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Fremont Gold Ltd.'s ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Fremont Gold Ltd. to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is G. Cameron Dong.



Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, BC, Canada
July 25, 2019

Fremont Gold Ltd.

Consolidated statements of financial position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 491,933	\$ 504,760
Accounts receivable		65,170	27,473
Prepaid expenses		41,759	68,290
Total Current assets		598,862	600,523
Non-current assets			
Mineral properties	5	2,535,426	2,218,020
Fixed assets		19,542	8,150
Reclamation bonds	6	125,970	104,685
Total Assets		\$ 3,279,800	\$ 2,931,378
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 108,496	\$ 173,230
Due to related parties	10	79,780	98,532
Total Current liabilities		188,276	271,762
Total liabilities		188,276	271,762
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	7(a)	12,138,638	9,230,783
Subscription receipts	7(a)	-	325,992
Warrant reserve	7(b)	205,670	205,670
Stock option reserve	7(c)	1,161,922	964,174
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		80,384	(12,803)
Accumulated deficit		(10,495,090)	(8,054,200)
Total Shareholders' equity		3,091,524	2,659,616
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' equity		\$ 3,279,800	\$ 2,931,378
Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)			
Subsequent events (Notes 5(c) and 7(b))			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors

"Paul Reynolds"
Paul Reynolds, Director

"Michael Williams"
Michael Williams, Director

Fremont Gold Ltd.

Consolidated statements of loss

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars except number of shares)

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Expenses			
Exploration	8	\$ 763,034	\$ 163,388
General and administration		329,640	153,582
Management		264,838	66,667
Professional fees		228,706	180,925
Stock-based compensation	7(c)	197,748	190,898
Travel		138,125	46,500
Listing and transfer agent		26,769	19,972
Depreciation		4,369	532
		<u>1,953,229</u>	<u>822,464</u>
Other income and expenses			
Write-off of mineral property	5(c)	498,128	-
Foreign exchange gain		(1,776)	(3,486)
Interest income		(8,691)	(4,288)
		<u>(8,691)</u>	<u>(4,288)</u>
Net loss for the year		<u>\$ 2,440,890</u>	<u>\$ 814,690</u>
Other comprehensive loss			
Unrealised foreign currency translation items		(93,187)	12,803
		<u>(93,187)</u>	<u>12,803</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<u>\$ 2,347,703</u>	<u>\$ 827,493</u>
Loss per share, Basic and diluted		\$ 0.05	\$ 0.03
Weighted average shares outstanding, Basic and diluted		46,564,930	27,982,299

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Fremont Gold Ltd.

Consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Issued common shares	Share capital	Subscription receipts	Reserves, Warrants	Reserves, Stock options	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Accumulated deficit	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at March 31, 2017	12,460,790	\$ 6,230,903	\$ -	\$ 170,221	\$ 773,276	\$ -	(\$ 7,239,510)	(\$ 65,110)
Shares issued for cash:								
Private placement	10,257,132	1,538,570	-	-	-	-	-	1,538,570
Exercise of warrants	97,500	13,000	-	-	-	-	-	13,000
Subscription receipts	-	-	325,992	-	-	-	-	325,992
Shares issued for business combination	10,000,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
Shares issued for mineral property	500,000	81,000	-	-	-	-	-	81,000
Share issuance costs	-	(132,690)	-	35,449	-	-	-	(97,241)
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	190,898	-	-	190,898
Comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	(12,803)	(814,690)	(827,493)
Balance at March 31, 2018	33,315,422	\$ 9,230,783	\$ 325,992	\$ 205,670	\$ 964,174	(\$ 12,803)	(\$ 8,054,200)	\$ 2,659,616
Balance at March 31, 2018	33,315,422	\$ 9,230,783	\$ 325,992	\$ 205,670	\$ 964,174	(\$ 12,803)	(\$ 8,054,200)	\$ 2,659,616
Shares issued for cash:								
Private placement	18,405,130	2,769,022	(325,992)	-	-	-	-	2,443,030
Exercise of warrants	1,283,750	171,153	-	-	-	-	-	171,153
Shares issued as debt settlement	500,000	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	75,000
Share issuance costs	-	(107,320)	-	-	-	-	-	(107,320)
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	197,748	-	-	197,748
Comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	93,187	(2,440,890)	(2,347,703)
Balance at March 31, 2019	53,504,302	\$ 12,138,638	\$ -	\$ 205,670	\$ 1,161,922	\$ 80,384	(\$ 10,495,090)	\$ 3,091,524

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Fremont Gold Ltd.

Consolidated statements of cash flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Year ended	Year ended
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	(\$ 2,440,890)	(\$ 814,690)
Adjustments for items not involving cash:		
Write-off of mineral property	498,128	-
Stock-based compensation	197,748	190,898
Depreciation	4,369	532
Unrealised foreign exchange items	(10,619)	(13,343)
	(1,751,264)	(636,603)
Net changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(37,697)	(21,001)
Prepaid expenses	26,531	(68,290)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(64,734)	69,032
Due to related parties	56,248	40,049
Cash used in operating activities	(1,770,916)	(616,813)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to mineral properties	(721,656)	(445,996)
Additions to fixed assets	(15,309)	-
Reclamation bond	(17,162)	(104,685)
Transaction costs, net of cash acquired	-	(129,983)
Cash used in investing activities	(754,127)	(680,664)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of share capital, net of cash share issuance costs	2,335,710	1,441,329
Subscription receipts	-	325,992
Exercise of warrants	171,153	13,000
Cash provided by financing activities	2,506,863	1,780,321
Effect of change in exchange rate on cash	5,353	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(12,827)	482,844
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	504,760	21,916
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 491,933	\$ 504,760

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Fremont Gold Ltd. (formerly Palisades Ventures Inc., the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada, on June 6, 2007. The principal business activity of the Company is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties located in the United States. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under the trading symbol “FRE”. The head office and records office of the Company are located at Suite 1500 – 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1T2. The Company’s registered office is located at 1200 – 750 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T8.

Acquisition of Intermont and 1027344 B.C.

On June 29, 2017, the Company completed a transaction (the “Transaction”) with Intermont Exploration, LLC (“Intermont”), 1027344 B.C. Ltd. (“1027344 B.C.”) and various individuals unrelated to the Company pursuant to which the Company acquired 100% of the units of Intermont and 100% of the common shares of 1027344 B.C. in exchange for the issuance of 10,000,000 post-consolidation common shares. The closing of the Transaction was accompanied by the following:

- A three-for-four consolidation of the Company’s common shares
- A non-brokered private placement resulting in the issuance of 10,257,132 units for gross proceeds of \$1,538,570
- A change in name of the Company from Palisades Ventures Inc. to Fremont Gold Ltd., and
- The issuance of 300,000 post-consolidation common shares to the lessor of the Hurricane Project.

The Company remained the resulting issuer and a Tier 2 resource issuer upon closing of the Transaction.

The 16,614,386 issued and outstanding pre-consolidation, pre-Transaction common shares of the Company were adjusted to 12,460,789 post-consolidation common shares. All references to share capital, common shares outstanding and per share amounts in these consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes for periods prior to the share consolidation have been restated to reflect the three-for-four share consolidation.

Going concern

The nature of the Company’s operations results in significant expenditures for the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. To date, the Company has not generated any revenue from mining or other operations as it is considered to be in the exploration stage.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern, which assumes the Company will be able to realise its assets and settle its liabilities in the normal course of business. To date, the Company has not generated any revenue from mining or other operations as it is considered to be in the exploration stage. For year ended March 31, 2019, the Company reported a net loss of \$2,440,890 (year ended March 31, 2018: \$814,690) and cash flow used in operations of \$1,770,916 (year ended March 31, 2018: \$616,813), and as at that date had a net working capital

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

balance of \$410,586 (March 31, 2018: \$328,761) and an accumulated deficit of \$10,495,090 (March 31, 2018: \$8,054,200).

The Company does not currently have sufficient working capital to meet its corporate development, administrative and property objectives and obligations for the coming year through March 31, 2020.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain additional funding from loans or equity financings provided by the Company's existing shareholders and/or new shareholders or through other arrangements. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in this regard. These material uncertainties cast substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption deemed to be inappropriate. These adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

The policies applied in these consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of July 25, 2019, the effective date the Board of Directors approved these financial statements. Any subsequent changes to IFRS after this date could result in changes to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Fremont Gold Ltd. and its wholly owned subsidiaries as follows:

	Location	Ownership	Functional currency
Intermont Exploration, LLC	USA	100%	US\$
1027344 B.C. Ltd.	Canada	100%	US\$

Subsidiaries are all entities over which Fremont Gold Ltd. has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

All intercompany transactions, balances, revenues and expenses have been eliminated.

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(b) Critical accounting judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

The following are critical judgments that management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Going concern evaluation

As discussed in Note 1, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the assumptions applicable to a going concern. If the going concern assumption were not appropriate for these consolidated financial statements, then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses and the consolidated statement of financial position classifications used and such adjustments could be material.

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay its ongoing operating expenditures and meet its liabilities for the ensuing year involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Impairment of mineral properties

Mineral properties are considered for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assessment of impairment indicators involves the application of a number of significant judgments over internal and external factors including reserve and resource estimation, future precious metal prices, estimated costs of future production, changes in government legislation and regulations, estimated deferred income taxes, the availability of financing and various other operational factors. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount is undertaken. If the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of loss.

(c) Foreign currency translation

Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency").

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the relevant functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of loss.

Subsidiaries

The results and financial position of the Company's subsidiaries that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period
- Equity is translated using historical rates
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income as cumulative translation adjustments.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve (a component of other comprehensive loss). When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the statement of loss as part of the gain or loss on sale.

(d) Mineral properties and exploration expenditures

Costs relating to the acquisition and claim maintenance of mineral properties (including option payments and annual fees to maintain the property in good standing) are capitalised and deferred by property until the project to which they relate is sold, abandoned, impaired or placed into production.

The Company expenses all exploration, evaluation and development expenditures until management concludes that a future economic benefit is more likely than not to be realised. In evaluating if expenditures meet this criterion to be capitalised, management considers the following:

- The extent to which reserves or resources, as defined in National Instrument 43-101, have been identified in relation to the property in question
- The conclusions of National Instrument 43-101 compliant preliminary economic assessment studies, preliminary feasibility studies and/or feasibility studies regarding the property in question
- The status of environmental permits, and
- The status of mining leases or permits.

Once the Company considers that a future economic benefit is more likely than not to be realised, all subsequent costs directly relating to the advancement of the related area of interest are capitalised.

Capitalised mineral property costs are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If an indicator is

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

identified, the asset's recoverable amount is calculated and compared to the carrying amount. For the purpose of measuring recoverable amounts, assets are grouped into cash-generating units ("CGUs"). An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

(e) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation of all depreciable fixed assets is provided on a straight-line basis over four years.

Fixed assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If an indicator is identified, the asset's recoverable amount is calculated and compared to the carrying amount. For the purpose of measuring recoverable amounts, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows CGUs. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use (being the present value of the expected future cash flows of the relevant asset or CGU, as determined by management). An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

The Company evaluates impairment losses for potential reversals when events or circumstances warrant such consideration.

(f) Restoration and environmental obligations

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The estimated value of future restoration cost estimates is charged to profit or loss and a corresponding increase in the restoration provision is established in the period incurred.

The Company's estimates are reviewed annually for changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates (if applicable), effects of inflation and changes in estimates.

The estimated value of restoration costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production is charged to profit or loss in the period incurred. The costs of restoration projects included in the provision are recorded against the provision as incurred.

(g) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity.

Current income tax is the expected income tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using income tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Deferred income tax is recognized using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred income tax is not recognized on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination. In addition, deferred income tax is not recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

(h) Share capital

The proceeds from the issuance of units are allocated between common shares and share purchase warrants based on the residual value method; under this method, the proceeds are allocated first to share capital based on the fair value of the common shares at the time of issuance of the units and any residual value is allocated to the share purchase warrant reserve. Common shares issued for non-monetary consideration is valued based on the fair value of the common shares at the time of issuance.

Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants are recorded as share capital in the amount for which the stock option or share purchase warrant enabled the holder to purchase a common share in the Company.

Costs directly attributable to the issuance of common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax effects.

(i) Stock-based compensation

The Company grants stock options to certain of its employees, directors and consultants. Each tranche in an award is considered a separate award with its own vesting period and grant date fair value. The fair value of each tranche is measured at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Compensation expense is recognised over the tranche's vesting period based on the number of awards expected to vest. This number is reviewed annually, with any change in estimate recognised immediately in compensation expense with a corresponding adjustment to reserves.

Upon exercise of a stock option, consideration paid together with the stock-based compensation amount previously recognised in reserves is recorded as an increase to share capital.

Fremont Gold Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(j) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. For all periods presented, the loss attributable to common shareholders equals the reported loss attributable to owners of the Company. Diluted loss per share is calculated by the treasury stock method pursuant to which the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted loss per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period.

(k) Adoption of IFRS 9

On April 1, 2018, the Company adopted IFRS 9 in accordance with the transitional provisions of the standard. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9, so the Company's accounting policy with respect to financial liabilities is unchanged. The change did not impact the carrying value of any of the Company's financial assets on the transition date.

The impact on the statement of financial position from the changes related to IFRS 9 has been summarized below.

We have assessed the classification and measurement of our financial assets and financial liabilities under IFRS 9 as follows:

	IAS 39	IFRS 9
Financial assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	Held for trading	Amortised cost
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost
Financial liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Amortised cost
Amounts due to related parties	Other financial liabilities	Amortised cost

The classification of financial assets is based on how the entity manages its financial instruments and contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Transactions costs with respect to financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date, being the date on which the Company commits to purchase the asset.

Fremont Gold Ltd.

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Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of the three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. In the case of financial instruments measured at amortised cost, a significant and prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen.

4. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New accounting standards and interpretations

IFRS 16, Leases (“IFRS 16”) replaced IAS 17, Leases (“IAS 17”) effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2019. The new model requires the recognition of lease contracts on a lessee’s statement of financial position as a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a ‘right-of-use asset’ with exceptions for certain short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. In addition, the lease payments are required to be presented on the statement of cash flow within operating and financing activities for the interest and principal portions, respectively.

The Company has determined that the adoption of IFRS 16 will have no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

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5. MINERAL PROPERTIES

Year ended March 31, 2019	Mar. 31, 2018	Incurred during period	Write-off	Foreign exchange	Mar. 31, 2019
Goldrun	\$ 1,084,875	\$ 54,375	\$ -	\$ 40,386	\$ 1,179,636
Hurricane	672,039	28,541	-	24,970	725,550
Gold Bar	204,109	281,421	(498,128)	12,598	-
North Carlin	119,319	128,903	-	6,712	254,934
Rock Creek	115,866	15,170	-	4,490	135,526
Gold Canyon	19,835	154,572	-	3,564	177,971
Other properties	1,977	58,674	-	1,158	61,809
	\$ 2,218,020	\$ 721,656	(\$ 498,128)	\$ 93,878	\$ 2,535,426

Year ended March 31, 2018	Mar. 31, 2017	Transaction (1)	Incurred during period	Foreign exchange	31 Mar. 2018
Goldrun	\$ -	\$ 991,267	\$ 97,899	(\$ 4,291)	\$ 1,084,875
Hurricane	-	597,617	76,640	(2,218)	672,039
Gold Bar	-	-	199,925	4,184	204,109
North Carlin	-	-	116,873	2,446	119,319
Rock Creek	-	89,798	26,096	(28)	115,866
Gold Canyon	-	-	19,428	407	19,835
Other properties	-	-	1,937	40	1,977
	\$ -	\$ 1,678,682	\$ 538,798	\$ 540	\$ 2,218,020

(1) 1027344 B.C. and Intermont transaction (see Note 1)

The capitalised costs of mineral properties relate to claim maintenance and acquisition costs associated with exploration and evaluation assets.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee their titles. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and may be affected by undetected defects.

It is possible that economically recoverable reserves may not be discovered and accordingly a material portion of the carrying value of mineral properties could be written off in the future.

(a) Goldrun, staked claims

As at March 31, 2019, the Goldrun holdings consisted of 169 mining claims owned solely by Intermont and a further 105 claims owned jointly with an unrelated individual, all of which were recorded with the United States Bureau of Land Management (“BLM”).

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The claims were acquired by staking in the field with posts and location notices. All documents and fees to hold the 274 mining claims through August 31, 2019 were filed with the BLM and Humboldt County.

(b) Hurricane, lease agreement

1027344 B.C. entered into an agreement dated February 13, 2015 with Nevada Eagle, LLC (“Nevada Eagle”), a third party, pursuant to which 1027344 B.C. leases six unpatented mining claims in Nevada collectively known as Hurricane. Subject to various conditions, the lease agreement provides 1027344 B.C. with the exclusive right to prospect, explore and mine on the property for a period of twenty years with a right to renew thereafter.

Nevada Eagle’s rights and responsibilities associated with the lease agreement were assigned to Nevada Select Royalty, Inc. (“Nevada Select”) pursuant to an assignment and assumption agreement dated May 4, 2016. Nevada Select is not related to 1027344 B.C. Nevada Eagle’s ownership interest in the property was transferred to Nevada Select on May 5, 2016.

The lease agreement was amended on each of February 13, 2016, March 14, 2017, April 27, 2017 and July 23, 2018 whereby the terms of certain of the lease payments, share payments and work obligations as specified in the original February 2015 lease agreement were amended. Pursuant to the July 23, 2018 amendment, the minimum expenditure requirements associated with the property that were previously in place were terminated.

The lease agreement (as amended) specifies payments by 1027344 B.C. to the lessor as follows:

- Upon execution of the agreement: US\$ 5,000 (paid)
- On or before the first anniversary of the date of execution (February 13, 2016): US\$ 3,750 (paid)
- On or before May 16, 2016: US\$ 3,750 (paid)
- On or before July 31, 2017: US\$ 10,000 (paid)
- On or before the third anniversary of the date of execution (February 13, 2018): US\$ 15,000 (paid)
- On or before the fourth anniversary of the date of execution (February 13, 2019): US\$ 20,000 (paid)
- On or before the fifth anniversary of the date of execution (February 13, 2020): US\$ 20,000
- On or before the sixth anniversary of the date of execution (February 13, 2021): US\$ 25,000
- On or before the seventh anniversary of the date of execution (February 13, 2022): US\$ 25,000
- Thereafter on or before the annual anniversary of the date of execution: US\$ 25,000 increased by the consumer price index.

The lease agreement (as amended) contemplated the assignment of 1027344 B.C.’s rights to the Hurricane Property to a public company. Upon such an assignment and the receipt of approval of such assignment from the applicable stock exchange, the lessor shall be entitled to receive 300,000 common shares of the public company. 300,000 post-consolidation common shares of the Company were issued to Nevada Select in conjunction with the closing of the Transaction.

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1027344 B.C. is responsible for maintaining the property in good standing including the payment of all applicable government filings, fees and taxes.

The lessor will retain a 3.0% net smelter royalty (“NSR”) on mineral production from the Hurricane Property and any staked ground situated adjacent thereto. 1027344 B.C. may purchase one third of the NSR (1.0%) for US\$ 1,000,000.

(c) Gold Bar, option agreement

In September 2017, the Company announced that it had entered into an option agreement with Ely Gold and Minerals Inc. (“Ely Gold”), an unrelated British Columbia based company, which controls 96 unpatented and 12 patented mining claims over the historic Gold Bar mine area in Eureka County Nevada (the “Gold Bar Property”). Option payments totalled US\$ 1,010,000 to be paid over five years.

In July 2019, the Company announced that it had terminated the Gold Bar option agreement.

As at March 31, 2019, the Company had staked in the field an additional 385 mining claims in areas adjacent to the Gold Bar Property, 214 of which had been recorded. Management has decided not to renew these claims in August 2019.

The carrying value of the Company’s total interest in the Gold Bar Property of \$498,128 was written off in full in the fourth quarter of the 2019 fiscal year.

(d) North Carlin, option agreement and staked claims

The North Carlin Property included both an optioned property and staked ground.

Optioned property

In February 2018, the Company announced that it had entered into an option agreement with Ely Gold Royalties Inc. (“Ely Gold Royalties”) and Nevada Select, to acquire a property consisting of 12 unpatented lode mining claims situated in Elko County, Nevada (the “Ely North Carlin Property”). Option payments totalled US\$ 267,500 to be paid over five years plus the issuance of 200,000 common shares to Ely Gold Royalties.

The parties agreed to terminate the option agreement in January 2019. In April 2019, Intermont and Nevada Select entered into the following two agreements:

- A mineral deed pursuant to which Nevada Select quitclaimed its interest in the Ely North Carlin Property to Intermont in return for nominal consideration
- A royalty deed pursuant to which Intermont granted Nevada Select a 2% NSR in respect of products produced on the Ely North Carlin Property in return for nominal consideration. The agreement includes a right of first refusal allowing Nevada Select to acquire any or all of the Company’s staked mineral claims included in the North Carlin Property (as described below)

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Option payments paid by the Company to the optionor through the date of termination of the option agreement totalled US\$ 17,500. In addition, 200,000 common shares of the Company were issued to the optionor prior to termination pursuant to the option agreement.

Staked claims

In October 2017, the Company announced that it had staked land positions in the northern part of the Carlin Trend referred to as the Alkali Property and the Coyote Property.

As at March 31, 2019, the Alkali Property holdings consisted of 318 mining claims owned solely by Intermont, 185 of which were recorded with the BLM.

As at March 31, 2019, the Coyote Property holdings consisted of 99 mining claims owned solely by Intermont, all of which were recorded with the BLM.

The mining claims were acquired by staking in the field with posts and location notices.

(e) Rock Creek, staked claims

As at March 31, 2019, the Rock Creek holdings consisted of 160 mining claims owned solely by Intermont, 54 of which are recorded with the BLM.

(f) Gold Canyon, option agreement

In January 2018, the Company announced that it had entered into an option agreement with Ely Gold Royalties Inc. (“Ely Gold Royalties”), an unrelated British Columbia based company, and its wholly-owned subsidiary Nevada Select (collectively the “Optionor”), to acquire the Gold Canyon Property, consisting of 26 unpatented lode mining claims covering approximately 186 hectares situated in Eureka County, Nevada. The option agreement is dated December 29, 2017.

Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company may earn a 100% interest in the Gold Canyon Property by making a series of cash payments totaling US\$ 802,500 over five years as follows:

- US\$ 15,000 on December 29, 2017 (the “Effective Date”) being the date of the option agreement (paid)
- US\$ 37,500 on or before June 29, 2018 (six months following the Effective Date; paid subsequent to March 31, 2018)
- US\$ 75,000 on or before December 29, 2018 (one year following the Effective Date; paid)
- US\$ 112,500 on or before December 29, 2019 (two years following the Effective Date)
- US\$ 112,500 on or before December 29, 2020 (three years following the Effective Date)
- US\$ 150,000 on or before December 29, 2021 (four years following the Effective Date)
- US\$ 300,000 on or before December 29, 2022 (five years following the Effective Date).

Ely Gold will retain a 2% NSR in respect of products produced on the Gold Canyon Property and a further 1% NSR on any products produced on any after-acquired interest (as defined). In addition to the foregoing option payments, the Company is required to pay advance royalty payments as follows once the option is exercised:

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- US\$ 25,000 on each of the first through third anniversaries of the Effective Date
- US\$ 35,000 on the fourth anniversary of the Effective Date and on each anniversary thereafter.

The Company may accelerate the exercise of the option and acquire 100% of the Gold Canyon Property at any time, by providing Ely Gold Royalties with ten days' notice and paying all remaining option payments in full. In addition, the Company will have the right to buy-down 1% of the underlying NSR for US\$ 3,000,000 any time after the option has been exercised.

6. RECLAMATION BONDS

Reclamation bonds totalling US\$ 81,189 were paid in October 2017 in connection with the trenching program undertaken at Hurricane and in March 2018 in connection with the drilling program undertaken at Gold Bar and Gold Canyon. A further US\$ 13,079 was paid in January 2019 relating to the Gold Bar drill program initiated in February 2019. The bonds will be refunded in full after reclamation work has been completed and accepted by the United States Bureau of Land Management.

7. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(a) Share capital

The Company has authorized capital of an unlimited number of common voting shares without nominal or par value.

The Company has authorized capital of an unlimited number of preferred voting shares without nominal or par value.

Debt settlement agreement

In January 2019, the Company announced that it had agreed to settle \$75,000 in outstanding liabilities owed to Dennis Moore, the Company's President and a director of the Company, through the issuance of 500,000 common shares (see Note 10).

Private placement, December 2018

In December 2018, the Company announced that it had closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,230,590 through the issuance of 8,789,930 units ("Units") at a price of \$0.14 per Unit.

Each Unit is comprised of a common share of the Company and one-half of one transferable share purchase warrant. Each whole share purchase warrant ("Warrant") entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a purchase price of \$0.20 for a period of 24 months through December 5, 2020.

The Company incurred \$61,846 of share issue costs in connection with the financing including \$39,198 in finder's fees paid to third parties. The remaining share issue costs amounting to \$22,648 related primarily to legal fees and fees levied by the TSX-V.

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Private placement, April 2018

In April 2018, the Company announced that it had closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$1,538,432 through the issuance of 9,615,200 common shares at a price of \$0.16 per common share.

The Company incurred \$45,474 of share issue costs in connection with the financing including \$24,362 in finder's fees paid to third parties. The remaining share issue costs amounting to \$21,112 related primarily to legal fees and fees levied by the TSX-V.

As at March 31, 2018, \$325,992 of subscriptions relating to the April 2018 private placement had been received and were classified as subscription receipts.

April 2018 exercise of share purchase warrants

In April 2018, 1,283,750 share purchase warrants were exercised for total proceeds of \$171,153. This followed from the exercise of 97,500 share purchase warrants in the year ended March 31, 2018 for proceeds of \$13,000. All warrants exercised had an exercise price of \$0.133 and were due to expire on April 29, 2018. The remaining 287,500 share purchase warrants expired unexercised (see Note 7(b)).

(b) Share purchase warrants

A summary of share purchase warrants outstanding as at March 31, 2019 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise		Issued	Exercised	Expired Mar. 31, 2019	
	price	Mar. 31, 2018				
April 29, 2018	\$ 0.133	1,571,250	-	(1,283,750)	(287,500)	-
June 29, 2019	\$ 0.15	361,720	-	-	-	361,720
June 29, 2020	\$ 0.25	5,023,566	-	-	-	5,023,566
June 30, 2020	\$ 0.25	105,000	-	-	-	105,000
December 5, 2020	\$ 0.20	-	4,394,965	-	-	4,394,965
		7,061,536	4,394,965	(1,283,750)	(287,500)	9,885,251
Weighted average exercise price	\$	0.219				\$ 0.224
Weighted average remaining life (years)		1.00				0.89

In June 2019, the Company announced that it had extended the expiry date of the 5,128,566 share purchase warrants issued pursuant to the June 2017 private placement. The expiry date of 5,023,566 share purchase warrants was extended from June 29, 2019, to June 29, 2020, and that of the remaining 105,000 share purchase warrants was extended from June 30, 2019, to June 30, 2020. All other terms of the share purchase warrants, including the \$0.25 exercise price, remain unchanged.

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1,283,750 share purchase warrants were exercised in the year ended March 31, 2019 for proceeds of \$171,153.

The 4,394,965 share purchase warrants issued in connection with the December 2018 private placement are subject to an accelerator provision whereby if, over a period of 15 consecutive trading days between December 5, 2018 and the expiry of the share purchase warrants, the daily volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares exceeds \$0.30, the Company may give written notice (via news release) that the share purchase warrants will expire on the thirtieth day following the provision of notice.

No share purchase warrants were issued in connection with the April 2018 private placement.

(c) Stock options

A summary of stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2019 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	Mar. 31, 2018	Issued	Expired	Mar. 31, 2019
March 26, 2020	\$ 0.16	50,000	-	-	50,000
September 18, 2021	\$ 0.15	2,350,000	-	-	2,350,000
March 26, 2022	\$ 0.16	250,000	-	-	250,000
July 10, 2022	\$ 0.15	-	600,000	(200,000)	400,000
December 10, 2023	\$ 0.15	-	1,075,000	-	1,075,000
		2,650,000	1,675,000	(200,000)	4,125,000
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 0.151			\$ 0.151
Weighted average remaining life (years)		3.49			3.14

Stock-based compensation totalled \$197,748 in the year ended March 31, 2019 (year ended March 31, 2018: \$190,898).

Of the stock options granted in the year ended March 31, 2019, 1,475,000 will vest in five equal tranches over 24 months including an initial tranche vesting on the date of issuance of the stock options. The remaining 200,000 stock options granted in this period will vest in four equal tranches over 12 months.

The fair value of the stock options granted in the year ended March 31, 2019 were estimated as at the date of issuance using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model applying the following assumptions:

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Dividends	-
Expected volatility (average)	112% - 120%
Risk-free interest rate (average)	1.12% - 1.85%
Expected life (months)	48 - 60
Expected rate of forfeiture	0% - 5%

Of the 4,125,000 stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2019, 2,525,000 stock options were exercisable as at this date at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.15.

8. EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURES

Year ended March 31, 2019						
	Gold Bar	Gold Canyon	North Carlin	Other properties	VP Exploration	Total
Drilling	\$ 201,375	\$ 135,871	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 337,246
Third party services	1,941	3,053	656	-	-	5,650
Field supplies	9,012	2,830	2,395	1,656	-	15,893
Assay	55,440	20,510	38,463	15,698	-	130,111
Payroll	24,852	11,365	24,171	4,951	-	65,339
Restoration provision	7,873	7,873	-	-	-	15,746
Travel	25,530	13,433	14,227	4,618	-	57,808
VP Exploration	-	-	-	-	135,241	135,241
	\$ 326,023	\$ 194,935	\$ 79,912	\$ 26,923	\$ 135,241	\$ 763,034

Year ended March 31, 2018						
	Hurricane	Goldrun	Gold Bar	Other properties	VP Exploration	Total
Assay	\$ 4,424	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 192	\$ -	\$ 4,616
Third party services	10,122	2,526	7,653	8,049	-	28,350
Field supplies	2,121	988	1,800	5,313	-	10,222
Drilling	-	-	1,098	1,031	-	2,129
Geochemistry	-	11,814	-	-	-	11,814
Payroll	14,294	13,154	2,306	12,145	-	41,899
Restoration provision	12,630	-	-	-	-	12,630
Travel	5,745	3,911	3,598	5,141	-	18,395
VP Exploration	-	-	-	-	33,333	33,333
	\$ 49,336	\$ 32,393	\$ 16,455	\$ 31,871	\$ 33,333	\$ 163,388

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9. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at the statutory rate is as follows:

	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Net loss before income taxes	(\$ 2,440,890)	(\$ 814,690)
Statutory tax rate	33.81%	28.85%
Expected income tax recovery	(825,359)	(235,006)
Effect of deductible/non-deductible items for income tax purposes	229,362	26,531
Unrecognised benefit of non-capital losses	595,997	208,475
Deferred income tax expense	-	-

The Company's deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses consist of the following amounts:

	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Non-capital losses	\$ 5,190,312	\$ 3,420,837
Mineral properties	(178,673)	(146,602)
Fixed assets	(10,848)	543
Share issue costs	145,298	59,442
	\$ 5,146,089	\$ 3,334,220

The Company has non-capital losses of approximately \$4,210,000 in its Canadian operations and \$981,000 in its United States operations for income tax purposes which are available to reduce future taxable income.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company incurred the following expenses resulting from transactions with related parties including officers and directors or entities that are controlled by officers and directors of the Company:

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	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Remuneration of officers of the Company (1)	\$ 358,997	\$ 100,000
Recharge of exploration, claim and local administrative expenditures (2)	154,851	133,920
Stock-based compensation relating to stock options issued to officers and directors of the Company	99,382	147,228
Professional fees charged by a company controlled by the former CFO	-	8,000
	\$ 613,230	\$ 389,148

- (1) Comprises remuneration of the Company's President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Vice President Exploration and includes fees charged by companies controlled by officers of the Company
- (2) Certain exploration, local administrative and claim acquisition expenditures are charged to the Company by Tectonex LLC, a company owned by the Company's VP Exploration. Such charges totalled US\$ 118,060 (\$154,851) in the year ended March 31, 2019 (year ended March 31, 2018: US\$ 106,036 (\$133,920)). All such expenditures are recharged to the Company without margin or discount at the actual cost incurred by Tectonex

The Company owed the following amounts to related parties including officers and directors or companies that are controlled by officers and directors of the Company:

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Deferred amount due to the President (due Dec. 31, 2019)	\$ 64,398	\$ -
Amounts owing to directors and officers relating to the reimbursement of expenses	14,277	24,397
Amount owing to the President and CFO relating to deferred remuneration	-	45,000
Amount owing to Tectonex relating to the recharge of exploration, claim and local administrative expenditures	1,105	29,135
	\$ 79,780	\$ 98,532

Certain directors and officers of the Company participated in the April 2018 and December 2018 private placements, subscribing for an aggregate of 1,563,750 common shares at a cost of \$250,200 and 1,708,500 units at a cost of \$239,190, respectively (see Note 7(a)).

In January 2019, the Company announced that it had agreed to settle \$75,000 in outstanding liabilities owed to Dennis Moore, the Company's President and a director of the Company, in connection with unreimbursed expenses through the issuance of 500,000 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.15 per share (the "Debt Settlement"); the terms of the debt settlement agreement were approved by the TSX-V in February 2019 following which the shares were issued. In addition, the President agreed to defer payment of a further \$64,398 owing to him in respect of unpaid remuneration and unreimbursed expenses until December 31, 2019.

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11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Company's assets are located in Canada and the United States as follows:

	Canada	United States	Total
Non-current assets:			
March 31, 2019	\$ 2,490	\$ 2,678,448	\$ 2,680,938
March 31, 2018	-	2,330,855	2,330,855
Net loss:			
Year ended March, 31, 2019	1,020,596	1,420,294	2,440,890
Year ended March, 31, 2018	\$ 588,246	\$ 226,444	\$ 814,690

12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure, which consists of working capital and share capital, and makes adjustments to it depending on the funds available to the Company for acquisition, exploration and development of mineral property assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

All of the exploration and evaluation assets in which the Company has interests are in the exploration stage. As such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out its planned exploration and pay for ongoing general and administrative expenses, the Company will use existing working capital and expects to raise additional funds through equity private placements as required in the future. The Company will continue to assess new exploration and evaluation assets and seeks to acquire additional interests if sufficient geologic or economic potential is established and adequate financial resources are available.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an on-going basis and believes that this approach, given the relatively small size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and there were no significant changes in its approach to capital management during the year ended March 31, 2019.

Additional information relating to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is presented in Note 1.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with one

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major bank in Canada so there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using a major bank that is a high credit quality financial institution as determined by rating agencies.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the Company's functional currency. The Company's exploration activity is situated entirely in the United States and it is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from transactions and monetary balances denominated in United States dollars. The Company has no program in place for hedging foreign currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rate. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates to its ability to earn interest income on cash balances at variable rates. The risk is considered minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to assist in determining the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company attempts to ensure there is sufficient access to funds to meet ongoing business requirements, taking into account its current cash position and potential funding sources.

At March 31, 2019, the Company had cash of \$491,933 (March 31, 2018: \$504,760) and net working capital of \$410,586 (March 31, 2018: \$328,761). With the exception of accrued liabilities totalling \$14,000, the provision for estimated restoration costs totalling \$29,399 and balances due to related parties (see Note 10), all accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within 90 days of March 31, 2019. Amounts due to related parties are unsecured and non-interest bearing. With the exception of \$64,398 that is due to the Company's President which the Company is required to pay by December 31, 2019 (see Note 10), amounts due to related parties have no set terms of repayment.

Additional information relating to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is presented in Note 1.